



Tél.:

Mineral Test Report

	Result	Normal	Low-	Low	Normal	OK	Normal+	High	High+
Calcium (Ca)	605.4	279.0 - 598.0							
Magnesium (Mg)	32.0	30.5 - 75.7							
Phosphorus (P)	116.7	144.0 - 199.0							
Silicon (Si)	13.0	15.0 - 31.0							
Sodium (Na)	52.0	21.0 - 89.0							
Potassium (K)	12.4	9.0 - 39.0							
Copper (Cu)	18.5	11.0 - 28.0							
Zinc (Zn)	122.1	125.0 - 155.0							
Iron (Fe)	10.2	5.0 - 15.0							
Manganese (Mn)	0.33	0.31 - 0.75							
Chromium (Cr)	0.79	0.82 - 1.25							
Vanadium (V)	0.024	0.009 - 0.083							
Boron (B)	2.64	0.84 - 2.87							
Cobalt (Co)	0.028	0.025 - 0.045							
Molybdenum (Mo)	0.043	0.035 - 0.085							
Iodine (I)	0.12	0.32 - 0.59							
Lithium (Li)	0.077	0.052 - 0.120							
Germanium (Ge)	0.024	0.003 - 0.028							
Selenium (Se)	0.68	0.95 - 1.77							
Sulphur (S)	49.5	48.1 - 52.0							
Fluor (F)	1.60	0.41 - 1.75							

Mineral Balance

Deficiencies

unsatisfactory: 100%



Excess

good: 20%



Vitamins

	perturbation	ideal zone
Vitamin A		
Vitamin B6		
Vitamin B9 (Folic acid)		
Vitamin B12		
Vitamin C		
Vitamin D		
Vitamin E		



Tél.:

Heavy Metal Test Report

	Result	Normal	High -	High +	Excess
Aluminium (Al)	0.01199				
Antimony (Sb)	0.00264				
Silver (Ag)	0.01328				
Arsenic (As)	0.00529				
Barium (Ba)	0.00817				
Beryllium (Be)	0.00616				
Bismuth (Bi)	0.00933				
Cadmium (Cd)	0.01377				
Mercury (Hg)	0.01924				
Nickel (Ni)	0.00380				
Platinum (Pt)	0.00222				
Lead (Pb)	0.00888				
Thallium (Tl)	0.00198				
Thorium (Th)	0.00122				
Gadolinium (Gd)	0.01141				

Heavy Metals Intoxication

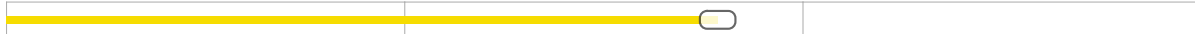
Overall Intoxication

unsatisfactory: 89%



Blockage suspicion for heavy metals elimination; possibly from lack of sulfur conjugation.

good: 60%



Ratios

Ratios	Normal	Low	OK	Haut	Deficiency	Excess
Ca/Mg	18.9	7.84	18.25			Ca
Ca/P	5.19	1.64	4.15		P	Ca
K/Na	0.24	0.45	0.75			
Cu/Zn	0.15	0.11	0.17		Zn	

Oxidative Stress

Oxidative Aggression

unsatisfactory: 100%



Oxidative Protection

acceptable: 47%





Tél.:

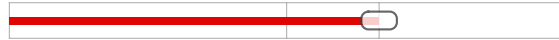
Interpretation of Oligo-Minerals correlations

Potential issues

Global heavy metal intoxication unsatisfactory: 89%



Acidosis unsatisfactory: 68%



Predisposition to diabetes good: 63%



Predisposition for allergies good: 31%



Physiology

Enzymatic state acceptable: 48%



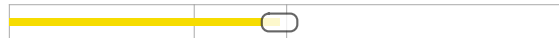
Intestinal assimilation acceptable: 53%



Metabolism unsatisfactory: 19%



Immune system acceptable: 49%



Cognitive function unsatisfactory: 27%



Hormonal state unsatisfactory: 20%



Tissue Repair acceptable: 45%



Emotional state acceptable: 55%



Cardiovascular system acceptable: 48%



Nervous system acceptable: 59%



Attention! The patient can have health issues linked to factors other than minerals/heavy metals; it has to be understood that the system only measures mineral and heavy metal levels in the tissue of the hand palm. Therefore a particular physiological health problem can be linked to reasons other than mineral/heavy metal issues. It has to be understood that Oligoscan only measures mineral and heavy metal levels in the tissue of the hand palm. Therefore a particular physiological health problem can be linked to reasons other than a mineral/heavy metal issue.

Comments

Methodology: Spectrophotometry of palmar dermis

Comments:

Caution! These values are not for diagnostic purposes ; these are only an interpretation of correlations between minerals & oligo-elements tested with Oligoscan. These relationships have been widely documented throughout the scientific literature on micronutrients and ortho-molecular medicine. The Oligoscan test is only a functional element of balance in the body.